

Defibrillator

The invention relates to a defibrillator with an electronic device arranged in a housing (2) and with electrodes which can be connected thereto and are to be applied to a patient.

Such a defibrillator is shown in EP 0 801 959 A2, for example. There, patient electrodes are connected by means of a connecting cable to a socket arranged on an outside of a housing wall. Furthermore, a control panel with operating and display elements is provided on an outside of the housing. Such defibrillators are more and more often positioned as emergency devices in buildings accessible to the public or other suitable locations, so that they are quickly available in case of an emergency. Such defibrillators should be designed as simply as possible, so that they can also be operated by an untrained user.

Patient electrodes packed in a vacuum-tight manner are shown in US 5, 502,894.

The object of the invention is based on making available a defibrillator of the type mentioned at the outset, which is embodied to be particularly user-friendly

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This object is attained by means of the characteristics of claim 1. In accordance with this it is provided that the electrodes are received in a chamber formed on the inside of a cover which can be flipped open or removed.

The electrodes to be applied to a patient are not only protectively housed in the device by these measures, but are also immediately available to a user in case of an emergency after he has simply removed the cover from the housing.

The simple operation and dependable functioning are aided in that even in the unused state of the defibrillator the electrodes are connected by means of a connecting cable and a plug connected therewith to a connection socket of the housing connected with the electronic device in a hollow chamber covered in the unused state by the cover.

In order to assure dependable functioning over a prolonged period of time the measures are advantageous, wherein the electrodes are received by means of a vacuum-sealed electrode receptacle in the chamber of the cover. It is also possible here to simultaneously program cyclically occurring electrode test processes, wherein the electrodes are suitably designed and arranged and are provided in a known manner with a gel layer on their active surface. Together with their pickup, the electrodes can be easily taken from the chamber in the cover, or are already released from the housing when taking the cover off, in that the electrode receptacle is torn open because of its structure and arrangement in the housing.

Further advantageous measures for the operation consist in that handle means are arranged on the outside of the cover, which can be grasped by a user and by means of which the cover can be torn off the housing.

Here an advantageous embodiment consists in that the handle means are a pull strap connected with the cover or the electrode receptacle. If, for example, the pull strap is fastened on the electrode receptacle, it is replaced after a use of the defibrillator when the chamber is equipped with a fresh electrode receptacle, wherein the pull strap is conducted from the inside of the cover to the outside.

Embodiments advantageous for operation furthermore consist in that the cover is provided with holding elements which, for fixing it on the housing, are latched, clipped or snapped into counter-holding elements arranged on the outside of the housing. In this case the holding elements and/or the counter-holding elements can be advantageously formed on the cover or the housing.

The fact that further chambers are formed and further removable operating utensils are received on the inside of the cover also contributes to the user-friendly design. A razor, gloves, a brush, or the like are considered to be operating utensils which are useful when the defibrillator is used.

It can furthermore be advantageously provided for an ordered housing and definite closure on the inside of the cover that the at least one chamber with the electrodes and possibly further operating utensils are covered by means of a removable inner cover element.

Moreover, the steps are advantageous for functioning and simple operation, wherein a housing wall at the front, which in the unused state is covered by the cover and in the used state is released, is embodied as a control panel with at least one triggering element for defibrillation and user guide elements.

It is furthermore of advantage for simple use that information means for the actuation of the handle means are arranged on the outside of the cover. For example, the information means can be an easily understandable symbol on the outside of the cover.

The invention will be explained in greater detail in what follows by means of an exemplary embodiment and by making reference to the drawings. Shown are in:

Fig. 1, a defibrillator with a holder in a perspective plan view,

Fig. 2, a cover of the defibrillator in Fig. 1 in a perspective plan view,

Fig. 3, the defibrillator in Fig. 1 with the cover removed,

Figs. 4a), b) and c), the inside of the cover in Fig. 2 in three different states of being equipped,

Fig. 5, a partially sectional portion of the defibrillator in the area of a holding section of the cover,

Fig. 6, a further perspective representation of the defibrillator with the cover removed, and

Figs. 7a) to f), different views of the cover.

A defibrillator 1 with a housing 2, into whose front a cover 3 has been inserted and which is provided with a holder 4 with a base element 4.1 and rear support element or holding element 4.2, is shown in Fig. 1. Such a defibrillator, a so-called automatic external defibrillator (AED for short) is intended to be operated even by an untrained user in case of an emergency and is preferably positioned in an easily accessible location.

The housing 2, whose outer contours are designed to be rounded, has an integrated handle element 2.1 in its upper area, and on its front has a control panel which, for

example, is provided with a control section 2.21, a trigger element 2.22 for defibrillation and a display unit 2.23, and is arranged in a depression recessed in respect to its border. The cover 3 has been fitted into the border in order to form with its front a homogeneous termination, slightly convexly arched toward the exterior. The depression, and therefore in the unused state also the cover 3, are surrounded in a border-like manner on all sides by the remaining area of the front of the housing; the base element 4.1 of the holder 4 is attached to the underside of the border.

In the transition area between the lower border section, or alternatively the upper or a lateral border section, of the housing 2 and the cover 3, a grasping means in the form of a pull strap 3.1 is arranged, by means of which the inserted cover 3 can be rapidly and simply removed from the housing 2 by obliquely pulling upward, or possibly downward or laterally toward the front, as indicated by the information means in the form of an information arrow 3.2 applied to the front of the cover 3.

The cover 3 is fixed in place on the housing 2 by means of one or several holding sections 3.3 formed in the upper edge area, and one or more further holding sections 3.4 formed on the lower edge of the cover 3, in matched complementary counter-holding elements in the transition area of the respective border sections to the depression. Other holding sections are also conceivable, for example formed on the rear of the cover 3, and correspondingly arranged counter-holding sections in the bottom of the depression. Because of its elastic force, the plate-like cover 3 made of plastic and slightly convexly arched forward is dependably held on the housing and can on the other hand be easily removed

therefrom in case of emergency. Magnetic holding sections and counter-holding elements, or those acting in accordance with the principle of a burr-type closure, are also conceivable.

Furthermore, a sensor device is advantageously provided, by means of which the defibrillator 1 is switched on as soon as the lid-like cover 3 is removed from the housing 2. For example, the sensor device has a magnetically or opto-electrically or electro-mechanically functioning switching device, wherein a sensor element 8.1 (for example a permanent magnet or optically acting element or mechanical triggering element) arranged on the cover 3 acts together with a sensor element 8.2 (for example a magnetic field sensor element, a photo-electrically reacting sensor element or a mechanically activable switch or key) arranged on a corresponding housing location, as can be seen in Figs. 3 and 4C. Because of this, a separate on/off switch can be omitted and the device is ready for triggering the defibrillation pulse after the electrodes have been correctly placed.

Several chambers are formed on the back of the cover 3, which are separated from each other by formed-on strips, as can be seen in Fig. 4c). Electrodes 5.2 (see Fig. 6) have been placed into a central chamber 3.6, which themselves have preferably been placed into a vacuum-sealed, or at least dust- or moisture-sealed electrode receptacle 5 or packaging, wherein a connecting cable 5.1, which is connected with the electrodes 5.2 extends sealed out of the electrode receptacle 5 and is connected with its other end, to which a plug 5.3 has been attached, in a socket in the edge of the depression. The socket is electrically connected with an electronic device of the defibrillator 1 arranged in the interior of the housing 2.

Further chambers 3.5 and 3.7 are arranged at the sides of the central chamber 3.6, in which suitable operating utensils for the use of the defibrillator 1 are located, for

example a razor 6, gloves and a brush 7, as can be seen in Fig. 4b). The chambers 3.5, 3.6 and 3.7, along with the utensils stored therein, are together covered on the inside by means of a cover element 3.8. By means of a window arranged in the upper portion of the cover 3 it is possible to make a visual check from the outside to determine whether the chamber 3.6 has been re-equipped with a fresh electrode package 5, for example after the defibrillator 1 was used. The pull strap 3.1 can be arranged, for example, on the cover 3 or on the electrode receptacle 5, wherein it has been passed through the lower, or possibly upper or lateral edge of the cover 3 and the lower border section of the housing 2. If attached to the electrode receptacle 5, it is also possible to check whether such a one exists on the inside of the cover 3. Moreover, when pulling the pull strap 3.1, the user already has the electrode package 5 with the electrodes in his hand, so that a rapid operation is made easier.

The enlarged portion in Fig. 5 shows the holding section 3.4 of the cover 3 placed on the border of the housing 2. In the six plan views of the partial illustrations a) to f), Fig. 7 shows the cover 3 in a front view, view from below, lateral view from the right, from below, lateral view from the left, as well as from a plan view from the rear, wherein the already previously mentioned holding sections 3.4 at the lower edge and the further holding sections 3.4 at the upper edge can be clearly seen.